

Munarhiliqiyikkut Inuuhiriknirmullu

Department of Health and Social Services

Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux

Media Update Re: H1N1 Flu Virus

Situation Update - As of June 13th - 1:00 PM:

- The Department of Health and Social Services has confirmed 19 more cases of the H1N1 virus in Nunavut bringing the total number of confirmed cases to 164. Approximately 45% are from the Kivallig Region and 55% from the Kitikmeot Region.
- Several communities in these regions have experienced significant outbreaks of the flu. The Department is supporting affected communities in a number of ways:
 - Health Centres are hiring extra nurses as required
 - Additional doctors are being deployed as required
 - Senior departmental officials have been, and will continue to be, in close contact with Health Centres and community leaders in the affected communities
- In addition, at the request of the Department of Health and Social Services, the Public Health Agency of Canada has dispatched two field epidemiologists to one of the affected regions to assist with the investigation of the outbreak.
- There have been ten patients with confirmed cases of H1N1 treated in the hospital. Eight of those ten have recovered and are no longer hospitalized.
- There are several other patients hospitalized with flu-like symptoms. All of these people have preexisting medical conditions. The department is still waiting for laboratory confirmation to see if the individuals have the H1N1 flu.
- The vast majority of individuals suffering with flu symptoms are recovering at home. As with any
 influenza, people with chronic medical conditions are at risk of developing more serious illness.
 This is consistent with seasonal influenza outbreaks.
- Tests of samples from people showing influenza like illness are also indicating that seasonal flu is still in our communities. Therefore, it is important that Nunavummiut take the important steps to keep themselves and their families healthy no matter where they live, work or visit.
- In general, Health Centres in the affected communities continue to report that the number of patients they are seeing with flu-like illness is decreasing.
- The Department of Health and Social Services continues to work closely with the Public Health Agency of Canada, Health Canada and colleagues across the country in monitoring the situation and heightening surveillance for this virus.
- The World Health Organization (W.H.O.) announced on June 11, that it is moving to Phase 6 (the pandemic phase) in the WHO Global Influenza Preparedness Plan. The Phase 6 declaration is based on the spread of the virus, and not on the severity of the illness it causes.

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- The decision by the W.H.O. to move to Phase 6 does not mean the H1N1 flu virus is of more risk
 to people in the territory today than it already has been. However, the move to level 6 does
 highlight the urgency of the work we are doing and the importance of people taking steps to
 protect themselves from flu-like illnesses.
- The move by the W.H.O. to Phase 6 also does not change Nunavut's current response to the diagnosis, treatment, infection control or public health measures of the H1N1 flu virus. The department will be activating Level 6 of the Health and Social Service Pandemic Influenza Plan (PanFlu Plan).
- To date, the Government of Nunavut has taken the following actions:
 - o Increased surveillance by frontline health care workers
 - Issued Public Health Advisories and public information on how to protect yourself from the flu
 - o Produced public service announcements for use on community radio stations
 - Provided healthcare workers with updated guidelines based on our current knowledge of the virus.
 - Communicated with Nunavummiut through local radio stations, newspaper interviews and advertisements

Prevention Advice for General Public

The flu symptoms include: fever and cough, runny nose, sore throat, body aches, tired, don't feel like eating, sick in the stomach, and in some cases throw-up or diarrhea.

People suffering from flu-like symptoms should stay home and drink lots of water and juice, get lots of rest, eat like normal, and treat fever, aches, and pains with Tylenol or Advil and do any visiting by phone. If you think you are getting more sick, call your community health centre.

To stop the spread of the flu:

- Wash your hands often in warm, soapy water or by using hand sanitizer
- Cough and sneeze in your arm
- Stay at home if you experience any of the symptoms of the flu. If you think you are getting worse, CALL your community health centre

All types of the flu should be taken seriously. People need to take the same steps to stop the spread of the flu, no matter where they live, work or visit.

To learn more about the flu, call your local health centre or visit www.fightflu.ca

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